# Blaenau Gwent Childcare Sufficiency Assessment

Annual Refresh 2013







#### **Executive Summary**

Under the Childcare Act 2006, Local Authorities have a statutory duty to secure sufficient childcare for the needs of working parents/carers in their area for children up to 14 years of age or 18 in the case of children with disabilities.

A core element of this duty is to complete a Childcare Sufficiency Assessment every three years, with an Annual Update, which assesses the supply of, and demand for, childcare in the local authority and identifies any gaps in provision. The statutory guidance on undertaking a Childcare Sufficiency Assessment also recommends that an action plan is also developed to help address the identified sufficiency gaps.

This report is the Annual Update 2013 of the Sufficiency Assessment.

The childcare market in Blaenau Gwent is still relatively new. Until 10 years ago there were only 114 childcare places within the Authority and no quality assurance procedures, workforce development and other schemes relating to the childcare non-maintained early years sector. The Authority now has 1344 registered childcare places and a record 78 childcare providers.

Despite this success, according to the Blaenau Gwent Childcare Sufficiency Assessment 2011, there is still room for growth in the sector within the Authority, as many parents stated in our consultation 2010, that they were not yet using childcare because they were unaware of early years opportunities, funding and the benefits of using childcare and therefore used parents and extended family as the predominant child carers. Awareness Raising is Priority 1 in the 3 year Action Plan.

The Blaenau Gwent Childcare Sufficiency Assessment (CSA) 2011 provides a detailed analysis of supply of childcare in Blaenau Gwent. Although the childcare market is a rapidly growing sector in Blaenau Gwent, it is a sector that faces many challenges in relation to sustainability. The settings are non-maintained and have a reliance on parent's fees with some receiving minimal grant funding to supplement these fees. Blaenau Gwent also has one of the highest employment rates of all Authorities in Wales which also in turn impacts on demand for childcare.

The above factors all contribute towards the level and intensity of support that is required for the childcare sector in Blaenau Gwent to ensure its success.

As part of the Childcare Sufficiency Assessment Annual Refresh 2012/2013, key statistics have been identified and reviewed in light of their potential impact on the childcare market in Blaenau Gwent.

The demand side of the CSA 2011 predicted a slight increase in the birth rate for 2012. Actual live birth figures for 2010 and 2011 demonstrate a reduction from the predicted numbers with a net decrease of 34 births. The figures for

October to December 2012 have not yet been released, but will form the basis of data for the next CSA 2014. (Aneurin Bevan Health Board data).

No new data is available for live births for teenage parents by sub Local Authority area, although the overall numbers of births within Blaenau Gwent are decreasing for this group.

Supply data shows that there is an overall decrease in the number of registered childcare places in Blaenau Gwent which decreased in 2012/13 by 147 places. This demonstrates that the recession is starting to impact on childcare.

The previous Childcare Sufficiency Assessment Annual Update March 2012 reported that there were 260 places with day nurseries and now there are 196. There were 241 places at holiday clubs and there are now 205 and there were 516 places with playgroups and cylchoedd meithrin and there are now 474. This shows that there has been a decrease in the total number of registered places and also vacancy rates overall have dropped.

In terms of the spread of childcare geographically across the borough, despite new developments in childcare creating 131 new registered places, consisting of 6 new Childminders, 2 pre-school providers and 1 out of school childcare club, there has also been a significant decrease in the number of registered places consisting of 3 preschool providers, 3 registered childminders, 1 day nursery and 5 out of school clubs, seeing a net loss of 147 places overall.

The economic downturn does now appear to be having an impact on the childcare market in Blaenau Gwent. It is hopeful that the longer term economic vision for the Council, as set out in the Regeneration Strategy and Action Plan, remains unchanged. Potentially transformational improvements will continue, such as the opening of the Learning Campus in September 2012, the dualling of the Heads of the Valleys road, the focus on local enterprise development, further progress on key projects at the Works, and the availability of European Structural Funds for the period 2014-2020 which should all impact on the demand for high quality childcare.

There are still plenty of vacant places across the Borough therefore, this implies that there is sufficient childcare available in Blaenau Gwent to meet current demand.

### **Acknowledgements**

Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council would like to thank colleagues in partner organisations and agencies for their contributions to the Annual Update 2012/13.

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### **Contents Page**

1.0	Introduction	7
<b>2.0</b> 2.1	Review of the Local Childcare Market Background	<b>8</b> 8
<b>3.0</b> 3.1 3.1.1	Demographic Data Birth Data Greatest Increase, Greatest Decrease	9 9 9
3.1.2	Potential Impact on the Childcare Market According to new birth population changes	9
3.2	Employment Data	10
3.2.1	Welfare to Work Agenda	10
3.3 3.3.1	New Housing Developments Other areas that may impact on demand for childcare	11 12
3.4 3.5	Child Poverty Initiatives Demand Conclusion	12 15
4.0	Review of Supply of Childcare	16
4.1	Wards within Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council  – Map of Wards	17
4.2	Analysis of Supply	18
4.2.1	Summary of Supply	18
4.3 4.4	Total Number of Registered Providers Free Provision	19 19
5.0	Number of places	20
5.1	Total Number of registered places by setting type within the Borough	20
5.2	Total Number of Childcare Providers Offering a School Pick-up and Drop-off facility	22
<b>6.0</b> 6.1	Vacancies Places by age range Total number of vacancies for children aged 0-17 years	<b>23</b> 23
6.2	Total number of vacancies for children aged 0-17 years	24
6.3	Number of vacancies for children aged 8-17 years	25
6.4	Breakdown of ward vacancy places by age category and language spoken	26
6.5	Number of full-time vacancies in registered settings for	
	children aged 0-17 years	27
7.0	Childcare Demand Update	28
7.1 7.2	Data Used Childeara Domand by Childeara Type	28 29
7.2	Childcare Demand by Childcare Type Childcare Demand by Locality	30
7.4	Demand for Welsh and Bilingual Childcare	31
7.5	Demand for Childcare for children with Disabilities or	
7.0	Additional Needs	31
7.6	Demand for Childcare – Other Specific Groups	33

<b>8.0</b> 8.1	Funded Places Nursery Places for 3 and 4 Year Old Provision	<b>34</b> 34
9.0 9.1 9.2 9.3	Quality Quality Assurance Pre-School Playgroup and Day Nursery Quality Assurance Out of School Club Quality Assurance Scheme	<b>36</b> 36 38 40
10.0.	Workforce Development	41
11.0	Childcare from Out of School Childcare Grant	43
12.0	Welsh Medium Billigual Childcare Provision	44
13.0	BME/Ethnic Minority Groups	47
14.1	Child Protection Register	<b>48</b> 48 48 49
15.0		- 4
15.1	Needs Special Needs – Areas of Experience	<b>51</b> 53
16.0	Flying Start	54
17.0	Appendices	55

#### 1.0 Introduction

The Childcare Act 2006 requires every Local Authority in Wales to conduct a Childcare Sufficiency Assessment (CSA). The aim of this assessment is to provide Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council with the information it needs to identify gaps in the childcare market and plan the steps to secure sufficient childcare places. In this context, 'sufficient' means having the right type and the right volume of childcare places to meet the needs of all parents/carers in the local community, but with a particular focus on meeting the needs of families with disabled children, Welsh speaking households and those who are in work or who are seeking work.

The Welsh Government requires each Local Authority to provide a full Childcare Sufficiency Assessment every 3 years with a "Refresh" of the data published on an annual basis.

In April 2011, Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council published its last Childcare Sufficiency Assessment 2011-2014 with its 3 year strategic plan. This set out the findings regarding registered childcare for children up to the age of 14 or up to 18 with disabilities within the Authority.

This document is the Annual Refresh of the CSA for 2013.

A summary of the full Childcare Sufficiency Assessment 2011, Action Plan and Summary Refreshes are all available on www.blaenau-gwent.gov.uk

#### 2.0 Review of the Local Childcare Market

#### 2.1 Background

The CSA 2011 identified that registered, childcare places in Blaenau Gwent had increased from 114 places in 2002, to 1,362. There had been a further 129 places created in 2011/12 increasing the total to 1,491 registered childcare places. This demonstrates the use of childcare by the community of Blaenau Gwent is now more common. However 2012/13 has seen the effects of the recession hit childcare in Blaenau Gwent, which has seen a net loss of 147 childcare places since the refresh in 2012, even though new childcare has been developed.

We must not be complacent about the economy and the setting's business infrastructure must be supported throughout these difficult times so growth continues in our sector. If the sector is not supported through this difficult time we could be facing a situation where we lose more settings and undo all the hard work we have invested into this sector over the past ten years.

As an Authority we need to build childcare places inline with demand. It is a very fine balancing act as surplus places cost money so we need to build places inline with demand. For this reason there is a need for development work to sustain existing childcare levels and build in areas where there are gaps.

#### 3.0 Demographic Data

#### 3.1 Birth Data

The following figure shows the difference between live birth in 2010 and 2011 and the variance.

Figure 1

	Live Birth			Live Birth up to Sept
Ward	2010	Live Birth 2011	Variance	2012
Abertillery	49	42	-7	31
Badminton	25	20	-5	12
Beaufort	52	58	6	28
Blaina	52	50	-2	31
Brynmawr	58	55	-3	49
Cwm	61	40	-21	28
Cwmtillery	66	55	-11	34
Ebbw Vale North	59	64	5	30
Ebbw Vale South	46	51	5	35
Georgetown	39	41	2	22
Llanhilleth	39	58	19	25
Nantyglo	61	58	-3	31
Rassau	32	30	-2	17
Sirhowy	62	56	-6	29
Sixbells	34	26	-8	14
Tredegar Central				
and West	66	63	-3	45
Total	801	767	-34	461

#### 3.1.1 Greatest Increase Greatest Decrease

The greatest increase in birth rate is in the Llanhilleth ward. The biggest decrease in births is in Cwmtillery and Cwm wards. The highest populations of children and young people remain and are projected to remain in Tredegar Central and West and Brynmawr.

### 3.1.2 Potential impact on the childcare market according to new birth population changes

As the figures in the table above demonstrate there has been a significant decline in live births in some areas that are greater than others. Anecdotally some providers are indicating that they are seeing a reduction in the number of babies under the age of one that they are asked to care for. This could be as a result of parents being able to choose to stay at home with their babies longer, due to extended maternity entitlements. However, some providers are saying parents are returning to work due to financial strains when the baby is 6 months old.

#### 3.2 Employment Data

#### 3.2.1 Welfare to Work Agenda

There has been little impact on the Blaenau Gwent childcare market to date, as a result of direct pressure from support to individuals as the welfare to work agenda came into bearing in April 2011. It is envisaged that more clients who have multi layered needs will present themselves/be referred from support agencies, as the agenda embeds itself. This may have a growing impact for childcare in 2013, and need must be closely monitored through our EYDCP links with Jobcentre Plus. The welfare to work agenda is marked by major changes in levels of benefit payment made and assessment regimes for particular benefits; most extensive impacts are likely to be experienced in those areas with highest levels of existing benefit claiming.

There is potential for increase in demand for childcare particularly, as a result of changes to welfare benefits for lone parents. According to the ONS Annual Population Survey, the rate of unemployment in Blaenau Gwent remained reasonably steady over a two year period from October 2010 to December 2012 – rising slightly from 14.1% to 14.8% of the economically active population. However, this is considerably higher than the all-Wales figure, which fell slightly from 8.6% to 8.4% over the same period.

Blaenau Gwent Family Information Service reports that calls from parents asking for advice because of changes in welfare reform have remained reasonably static over the last two/three years. Data collected from Genesis in Blaenau Gwent confirms this. It is estimated changes are to come, with the lowering to 5 years for transition from IS to JSA, and more work focused interviews from when the child is 1 year, will have more of an impact on demand for childcare.

The local economy is not providing enough employment opportunities for all age groups across the economy as a whole in Blaenau Gwent and the vacancy rate is 1 to every 13 JSA claimants. Across all areas, locally and nationally numbers of notified vacancies have fallen considerably with levels in 2010 and 2011 being the lowest since 2007. Difficult to give accurate figures on vacancies notified as, since the introduction of Universal Jobmatch this is no longer counted by Nomis. However Jobcentre Plus now only receive approximately 25% of the vacancies that are available.

Quarterly JSA figures released by the Department of Work and Pensions reveal that the proportion of people claiming Job Seekers Allowance remained steady at 7.6% of the working age population in January 2012 to December 2012. In comparison, the Welsh average fell from 4.3% to 4% over the same period.

LA	JSA Dec 07	JSA Dec 11	JSA May 12	JSA June 12	JSA July 12	JSA Aug 12	JSA Sep 12	JSA Oct 12	JSA Nov 12	JSA Dec 12	IB/ES A Nov 11	IB/ES A Feb 12
Blaenau Gwent	1780	2802	3049	3030	3415	3395	3396	3466	3483	3404	5920	5770 13.3%
	JSA%											

Figure 3

Other Benefits (August 2011)							
	ESA and Incapacity Benefits	Lone Parent	Carer	Other income related benefit	Disabled	Bereaved	Unknown
Blaenau Gwent	5770	910	830	250	680	100	~

#### **Definitions**

- Unemployed, refers to people without a job who were available to start work
  in the two weeks following their interview and who had either looked for work
  in the four weeks prior to interview or were waiting to start a job they had
  already obtained.
- Economically inactive are people who are neither in employment nor unemployed. This group includes, for example, all those who are looking after a home or retired.
- JSA is payable to people under pensionable age who are available and actively seeking work.

There was no new information available to examination changes in the number of parents/carers accessing the Working Tax Credit.

#### 3.3 New Housing Developments Since CSA 2011

There have been no major housing developments put forward in the past year that would affect the demand for childcare within Blaenau Gwent.

The main proposal, which will have a definitive impact on childcare within Blaenau Gwent, is "The Works" development in central Ebbw Vale. Childcare for this area has been planned alongside the master plan.

The Works is a vibrant and distinctive development in the heart of Blaenau Gwent. The proposal is a regeneration project to redevelop the former Ebbw Vale steelworks site. The master plan proposes a mix of uses including the Learning Campus, Local General Hospital, Leisure Centre and Sports Pitches, a Theatre, high quality offices and around 700 homes.

The Learning Campus includes Ebbw Vale Campus College and a 3-16 school, the primary phase has merged 2 schools into one facility as well as creating an adjoining special needs school. Within the primary phase

development there is also a new integrated children's centre which opened in November 2012.

The new services at Ebbwfawr ICC will include the establishment of a 46 place Day Nursery for children aged 0-4, which will also offer wrap around services to the school with before, after school and holiday childcare.

The hospital – Ysbyty Aneurin Bevan opened in December 2010, and has created over 2000 full-time and part-time jobs. With the development of the Day Nursery it is proposed to carry out a childcare feasibility study alongside a Family Information Service outreach session, at the hospital to raise awareness with employees of local childcare options.

The leisure, sports, theatre and secondary education phase is still being developed.

Land has also been identified by the council to develop up to 720 new houses. At this time no interest from contractors has been put forward. It is anticipated that the residential area will include a range of types and style of housing, with a mix of ownership options including open market, intermediate low cost and other affordable housing.

#### 3.3.1 Other Areas That May Impact on Demand For Childcare

There are no army/forces in Blaenau Gwent, the nearest is in Brecon over 12 miles away. Our FIS survey to childcare providers tells us that they have stated that this base has no impact on childcare in Blaenau Gwent.

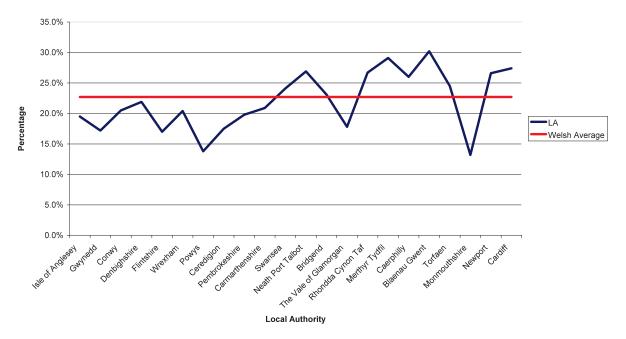
There are also no HM Prisons within Blaenau Gwent.

#### 3.4 Child Poverty Initiatives

A high proportion of working age adults claim some kind of benefits higher than the Wales average, which in turn has a big impact on poverty and deprivation levels within the Borough, presenting a number of challenges for Blaenau Gwent. According to the Welsh Index of Multiple Deprivation, 43% of lower super output areas in Blaenau Gwent are in the most deprived fifth of Wales. As a result there is a comparably low level of annual household income (£25,800 compared to £30,600 for Wales). A recent Estyn inspection highlighted Blaenau Gwent's strategy for skills and economic regeneration as an area of good practice helping parents to access skills training and start new businesses, however recent research undertaken as part of Families First Pioneer has identifed that there will be significant impact on 16-25 year olds arising from Welfare Reform and external economic factors.

Figure 4

### Percentage of Children Living in Poverty 2010 (Number of children living in workless households)



The Children and Families (Wales) Measure 2010 places a duty on Welsh Ministers to publish a new Child Poverty Strategy for Wales.

This new Child Poverty Strategy for Wales sets out the vision and strategic objectives for reducing child poverty. The three new strategic objectives for tackling child poverty are to:

- 1. reduce the number of families living in workless households;
- 2. improve the skills of parents and young people living in low income households so they can secure well-paid employment; and
- reduce inequalities that exist in health, education and economic outcomes of children and families by improving the outcomes of the poorest.

The strategy aims to give a clear account of what the Welsh Government can achieve in helping to reduce poverty during the next three years (2011 to 2014). The strategy also responds to the changing UK fiscal climate, and sets out a distinctive Welsh approach to the provision of public services that can address the long-term root causes of poverty, and alleviate some of the more damaging impacts of poverty in the short term.

Quality childcare has an important role in tackling child poverty and it is important that Government is aware of the work of childminders and how this work is helping children and families across Wales.

The strategy contains the following section on childcare

'We (The Assembly Government) know that there are some significant challenges if we are going to provide the right type of childcare, in the right place, and of a quality that will support the development of children in the early years. A priority for this Child Poverty Strategy and Delivery Plan must be to promote accessible, affordable and high quality childcare – which offers a dual benefit for employment and early years development.

The Child Poverty Strategy highlights the commitment too;-

- Develop a strategic and coherent approach to childcare policy in Wales
  to provide integrated solutions to improve the supply and diversity of
  childcare provision. This will include developing the childcare
  infrastructure by increasing and improving the range of provision.
- Close the gap between demand and supply for childcare in Wales.
- Work with Local Authorities and the Sector Skills Council to develop and enhance the childcare workforce in Wales.
- Continue to promote the availability of the childcare element of the Working Tax Credit and where possible, to extend the reach of the scheme to parents with older children.
- Help schools to build on existing provision and consider what additional services or activities that they and their partners might develop, particularly in the field of childcare.
- Continue to support the development of out of schools care in Community Focused Schools and the development of activities for children and young people as part of that childcare package.
   Community Focused Schools can provide important wraparound childcare.

The key Child poverty initiatives are;-

#### Flying Start

Flying Start is targeted at 0-3 year olds in the most disadvantaged communities in Wales. It aims to create positive outcomes in the medium and long term. It is a prescriptive programme, based on international evidence of what works.

What it means in practice

- free quality part-time childcare for 2-3 year olds
- an enhanced Health Visiting service (where the Health Visitor caseload is capped at 110 children)
- access to Parenting Programmes
- access to Language and Play sessions.

<sup>\*</sup> Please see Flying Start plan in the appendix 1

#### **Families First**

Families First Deputy Minister for Children Huw Lewis announced Wales "Families First" project as part of the Welsh Government's commitment to support families and tackle child poverty.

The aim of the project is to lead the way in improving the delivery of services to families across Wales, especially those living in poverty, as set out in the Assembly Government's draft Child Poverty Strategy. The Assembly Government wants to rapidly identify best ways of working and share this on an all –Wales basis.

#### Communities 1<sup>st</sup>

The Communities First Programme aims to address the needs of families and children living in our most deprived (Communities First) areas, experiencing multiple deprivation. There is a wide range of work being undertaken targeted at supporting children and young people through Communities First and the programme exists to provide local people with opportunities to play an active role in shaping the future of their community and engage mainstream services such as Families First proposals.

#### 3.5 Demand Conclusion

#### What does the demand tell us now in 2012/2013?

In conclusion, the data that has been analysed from the demand exercise tells us there are no new emerging gaps for childcare provision in Blaenau Gwent that have not already been planned for.

#### Does this reinforce gaps on previous gap analysis?

Yes there are no new gaps to date and this annual refresh enforces the current 3 year action plan.

#### In general are gaps widening or getting smaller?

Gaps are getting smaller year on year because of the intense amount of work being carried out in the childcare sector by the EYDCP, and the rate that registered childcare places are increasing.

#### New gaps emerging?

No, the development of "The Works" which will see major parts of its work completed in 2012/13 was already planned for in the 3 year Strategic Plan.

Work does need to be carried out to encourage new childminders to the Blaina, Cwm and Waunlwyd area but sustainability must also be looked at, as there are so many other childcare options available.

#### 4.0 Review of Supply of Childcare

This analysis of the supply of childcare is based on data collected from providers and held at Blaenau Gwent Family Information Service as at 31<sup>st</sup> December 2012 unless otherwise stated.

In order to carry out this refresh, all registered childcare providers have been given the opportunity in reviewing the information we currently hold on them, allowing them to provide comments on the childcare market in Blaenau Gwent for this analysis.

It shows data relating to registered provision with Care and Social Services Inspectorate for Wales (CSSIW).

Data is presented for Blaenau Gwent Borough as a whole as well as ward areas. Further details are available on request.

## 4.1 Wards within Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council – Map of Wards

Figure 5



#### 4.2 Analysis of Supply

#### 4.2.1 Summary of Supply

There is a total of 78 registered providers located across Blaenau Gwent County Borough. All settings are registered with CSSIW (Care and Social Services Inspectorate), a fee is payable and therefore all parents accessing these provisions are eligible to claim the Childcare element of the Tax Credit.

We have seen an overall decrease of 147 registered places (5%) and a decrease of 11 vacancies throughout the Authority (1.2%).

This comprises of the registration of:

- 2 Pre-school Playgroups/Meithrin (Beaufort and Rassau)
- 6 Registered Childminders (Brynmawr, Llanhilleth, Abertillery and Blaina)
- 1 Out of School Club (Abertillery)

and the de-registration of:

- 3 pre-school Playgroups (Beaufort, Cwm, Tredegar Central and West)
- 3 registered Childminders (Abertillery, Badminton and Brynmawr)
- 1 Day Nursery (Blaina)
- 6 Out of School Clubs (Abertillery, Cwmtillery, Blaina, and Tredegar Central and West)

In conclusion to the factors identified in the data from demand, supply and other emerging data sections there are no new gaps or gaps that have not been planned for.

The key issues identified are still affordability, flexibility, location and affordable, accessible childcare for children with additional needs to meet the needs of both the parents and children. This is mentioned in a number of contexts. It is important for Blaenau Gwent EYDCP to continue to develop an understanding of current supply through ongoing locality needs assessment in the areas of affordability, flexibility and location.

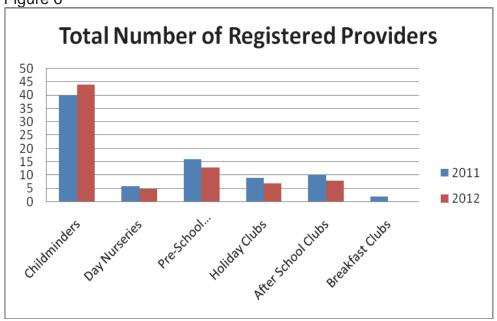
#### 4.3 Total number of Registered Providers

Figure 6 indicates that there were 78 CSSIW registered providers in Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council as of the 31<sup>st</sup> December 2012 and overall decrease of 6 settings since 31<sup>st</sup> December 2011.

#### Of these:

- 44 (56%) are childminder settings an overall increase of 4 settings;
- 5 (6%) are private day nurseries an overall decrease of 1 setting;
- 13 (17%) are pre-school playgroups an overall decrease of 3 settings;
- 7 (9%) are holiday clubs and overall decrease of 2 setting settings;
- 9 (12%) are out of school clubs, of these 8 provide after school care, with an overall increase of 2 and 1 providing breakfast club provision, with no overall increase:
- 5 of the above provisions provide wrap-a-round care with an overall increase of 1 setting.

Figure 6



#### 4.4 Free Provision

In addition there are:

- 25 Free Breakfast Clubs
- 29 Early Years education providers, of these 3 settings are in the nonmaintained sector and 26 are located in schools
- 5 registered Flying Start Settings

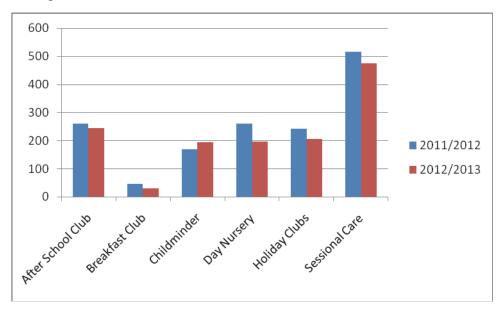
#### 5.0 Number of Places

## 5.1 Total number of Registered Places by setting type within the Borough

Figure 7

Provider Type	Registered Places 2011	Registered Places 2012	Net Difference
After School Club	261	245	-16
Breakfast Club	45	29	-16
Childminder	168	195	+27
Day Nursery	260	196	-64
Holiday Club	241	205	-36
Sessional Care	516	474	-42
Total	1491	1344	-147

Figure 8



This figure also takes into account settings offering 2 sessions per day (e.g. a setting registered for 24 children may have 2 sessions 1 in the morning and 1 in the afternoon therefore this figure has been calculated as 48 children). OOSC data includes after school clubs in day nursery settings. Holiday clubs includes data for holiday clubs in day nursery settings.

Figure 9

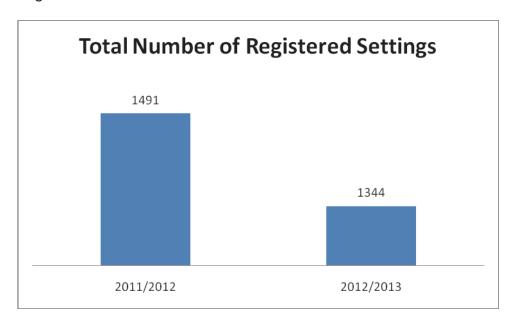


Figure 9 Indicates the total number of CSSIW registered places by setting type. There are a total number of 1344 places compared to 1491 in 2011, a net decrease of 147 (5%).

## 5.2 Total Number of Childcare Providers offering a School Pick up and Drop Off Facility

Figure 10

Ward	Childminder	Day Nursery	oosc	Playgroup/Meithrin
Abertillery	4			
Badminton	2			
Beaufort	2			
Blaina	1		1	1
Brynmawr	6			
Cwm	1			
Cwmtillery	4			
Ebbw Vale North	1			1
Ebbw Vale South	2	1		
Georgetown	2			
Llanhilleth	3			
Nantyglo	1			
Rassau	1	2	2	
Sirhowy	4	1		
Six Bells	5			
Tredegar Central & West	1			
Total	40	4	3	2

Figure 10 indicates that there are currently 49 childcare providers out of 78 (63%) that offer a pick up and drop off collection facility to parents.

#### 6.0 Vacancies Places by Age Range Section

#### 6.1 Total Number of vacancies for children aged 0-17 years

This section addresses the total number of vacancies within both English and Welsh registered settings, broken down by age range and overall registered vacancies. The figures show actual numbers collected from registered settings on 31<sup>st</sup> December 2012 by The Family Information Service. These figures will differ from the number of places offered in section 3 as it allows for both part-time places and children over the age of 8 years.

Note: The figures below do not include early years education places or free breakfast clubs

• 591 total vacancies in the age range 0-17 years.

Figure 11

Political Ward Description	Over 18 Months To 5 Years	Over 5 Years - Under 8 Years	Under 18 Months	Over 8 Yrs - Under 17	Total
Abertillery	36	9	17	7	69
Badminton	2	0	1	1	4
Beaufort	3	2	2	3	10
Blaina	8	31	5	8	52
Brynmawr	29	41	6	43	119
Cwm	3	3	0	4	10
Cwmtillery	4	6	11	1	22
Ebbw Vale North	20	14	0	14	48
Ebbw Vale South	17	1	7	1	26
Georgetown	5	2	2	6	15
Llanhilleth	10	4	5	1	20
Nantyglo	1	0	0	0	1
Rassau	57	37	6	36	136
Sirhowy	9	2	12	1	24
Six Bells	3	4	2	2	11
Tredegar Central and West	21	1	1	1	24
Total	228	157	77	129	591

## **6.2 Total Number of vacancies for children aged 0-7** Figure 12

Political Ward Description	Over 18 Months To 5 Years	Over 5 Years - Under 8 Years	Under 18 Months	Total
Abertillery	36	9	17	62
Badminton	2	0	1	3
Beaufort	3	2	2	7
Blaina	8	31	5	44
Brynmawr	29	41	6	76
Cwm	3	3	0	6
Cwmtillery	4	6	11	21
Ebbw Vale North	20	14	0	34
Ebbw Vale South	17	1	7	25
Georgetown	5	2	2	9
Llanhilleth	10	4	5	19
Nantyglo	1	0	0	1
Rassau	57	37	6	100
Sirhowy	9	2	12	23
Six Bells	3	4	2	9
Tredegar Central and West	21	1	1	23
Total	228	157	77	462

Figure 12 shows that there are currently a total of 462 vacancies available for children aged 0-7 years.

### **6.3 Number of Vacancies for Children aged 8-17years**

Figure 13

Political Ward Description	Over 8yrs - Under 17 Years	Total
Abertillery	7	7
Badminton	1	1
Beaufort	3	3
Blaina	8	8
Brynmawr	43	43
Cwm	4	4
Cwmtillery	1	1
Ebbw Vale North	14	14
Ebbw Vale South	1	1
Georgetown	6	6
Llanhilleth	1	1
Nantyglo	0	0
Rassau	36	36
Sirhowy	1	1
Six Bells	2	2
Tredegar Central and West	1	1
Total	129	129

Figure 13 shows that there are currently 129 vacancies for children aged 8 years to 17 yrs (14-17ys included)

### 6.4 Breakdown of ward vacancy places by Age Category and Languages Spoken

The below figure indicates that there is currently only 1 vacancy available in those settings that are of a dedicated Welsh Setting only and 477 vacancies are available in an English/Welsh setting and 130 vacancies available in an English only setting.

Figure 14 Number of vacancies for children aged 0-17 broken down by age category and spoken language for that setting

Political Ward Description	(A) Welsh Setting	(B) Welsh/ English	(D) English/ Welsh	(E) English Setting	Total
Abertillery			52	23	75
Badminton				4	4
Beaufort			10	0	10
Blaina			52		52
Brynmawr		3	79	47	129
Cwm			10	0	10
Cwmtillery			15	7	22
Ebbw Vale North			48		48
Ebbw Vale South			24	6	30
Georgetown			11	4	15
Llanhilleth			14	6	20
Nantyglo	1		0		1
Rassau			127	9	136
Sirhowy			0	24	24
Six Bells			11		11
Tredegar Central and West			24		24
Total	1	3	477	130	611

NB Please note providers identify the language category of their setting, this is then recorded by the Family Information Service.

## 6.5 Number of Full Time Vacancies in Registered Settings for Children aged 0-17 Years

Figure 15

Provider Type	No Vacancies 2011	No Vacancies 2012
After School Club	97	63
Breakfast Club	26	10
Childminder	62	105
Day Nursery	65	72
Holiday Club	98	96
Playgroup/ Meithrin	100	91
Total	448	437

Figure 16

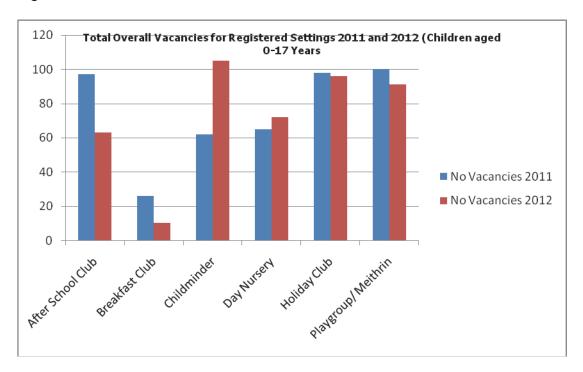


Figure 17



Figure 17 above indicates that there were 448 overall vacancies in 2011 and 437 overall vacancies in 2012 an overall decrease of 11 (1.2%) places.

#### 7.0 Childcare Demand Update

#### 7.1 Data Used

For the purpose of the annual update, demand data consists of that which is available without us carrying out the consultation process that will be repeated for the full assessment. The review uses quantitative data on enquiries to Blaenau Gwent Family Information Service (FIS) between April-March 2010, and April-March 2011.

FIS childcare enquiries may be able to offer some indication of local trends in terms of childcare choices. Although not all parents and carers seeking childcare during this period will have contacted the FIS for information, it may be possible to see whether the rate of enquiries differs from the previous period.

Parents and carers contact Blaenau Gwent FIS with childcare related enquiries by contacting the service via telephone, email or drop in.

Data regarding these enquiries is recorded by the FIS to monitor performance. When contacting the service, parents and carers are asked to give some additional information regarding their family and childcare requirements. We currently do not have an online search facility available for enquiries.

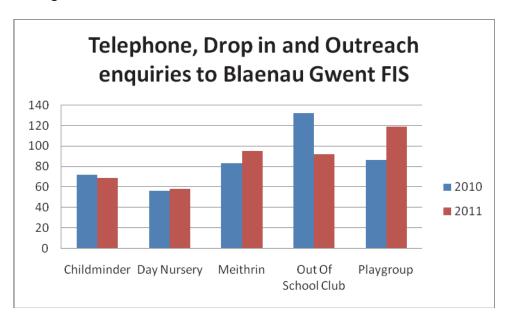
#### 7.2 Childcare Demand by Childcare Type

Figure 18 shows the number of childcare enquiries made to the FIS office (via telephone, drop in, email and outreach) compares between the period April to April 2011 and the same period during 2010.

It shows that the biggest increases in demand for information on childcare (via FIS office) were for the childcare types of:

- Out of School Clubs which include; Breakfast, After School and Holiday Provision
- Pre School Playgroups
- Meithrins

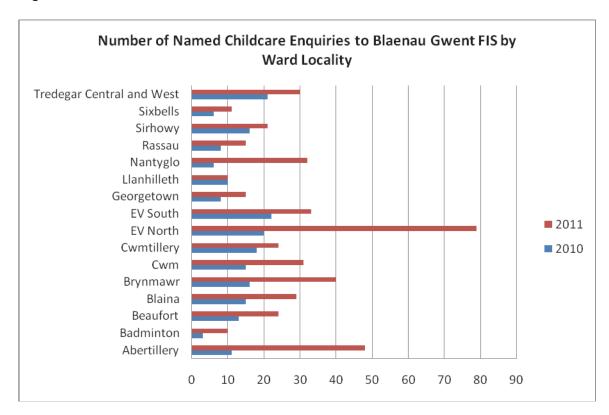
Figure 18



#### 7.3 Childcare Demand by Locality

Data regarding the ward locality of enquies to the FIS is recorded when enquiries are made via the telephone, email, outreach and drop-in, in most cases.

Figure 19



The table shows that, the wards with the most FIS childcare enquiries made were:

- Ebbw Vale South in 2010/11
- And Ebbw Vale North in 2011/12

In terms of the differences in enquiries between 2010/11 and 2011/2012, the ward localities with the biggest percentage increases in childcare enquiries were:

- Ebbw Vale North (with an increase from 20 to 79 enquiries)
- Abertillery (increasing from 11 to 37 enquiries)
- Nantyglo (increasing from 6 to 32 enquiries)

There were no wards where there was a decrease in childcare enquiries to the FIS, although we saw a standstill in enquiries in the Llanhilleth ward.

#### 7.4 Demand for Welsh and Bilingual Childcare

The Blaenau Gwent Childcare Sufficiency Assessment 2011 Gap Analysis Report states that "based on the survey, there may be 9 (0.1%) of all families across Blaenau Gwent that are experiencing a barrier to accessing childcare because of the lack of Welsh language provision"

Among those not using childcare, Welsh Language provision was one of the least important reasons parents gave for not accessing childcare and may only affect 0.1% of families in Blaenau Gwent.

However the report on this consultation with parents and carers highlighted that 23% of parents from Brynmawr and Cwm strongly agree that there is enough Welsh Language Childcare, with 3 % (1) parent from Llanhilleth stated there was no suitable Welsh Language Childcare provision available.

There was no data collected to evidence parents wanting improvements in Welsh Medium Childcare.

In order to find out more about the Welsh Language childcare needs of parents and carers in Blaenau Gwent, it was decided through The Childcare Action Plan 2011-2014 to carry out a further survey of parents and carers in Blaenau Gwent. Findings of report to be included within full audit.

Blaenau Gwent is one of the authorities in Wales that has the lowest numbers of native welsh speakers and welsh learners in the whole of Wales. The response to the recent ESTYN inspection and the Welsh Education Strategic Plan is "how are we, as an authority going to stimulate demand for Welsh medium education".

One of the biggest barriers with developing welsh language provision in Blaenau Gwent is not having welsh speaking qualified staff. The Childcare Sufficiency Assessment 2011 identified that 74.2% of childcare providers needed help with using Welsh language in their settings. Childcare providers already have the opportunity to learn Welsh through the EYDCP training programme, and other training providers, however, childcare staff anecdotally report, that they don't have confidence to use what they have learnt in their settings.

To increase the demand for Welsh medium and bilingual childcare it is necessary to stimulate this area of childcare.

### 7.5 Demand for Childcare for Children with Disabilities or Additional Needs

The main evidence for issues in the childcare market experienced by this group came from consultation with parents/carers in focus groups.

Four parents (0.8%) said they wanted childcare that is better at meeting their child's disability. Parents and carers of disabled children cited lack of information as the main reason for not using childcare, followed by issues around trust and quality.

As part of the Blaenau Gwent Childcare Action Plan Blaenau Gwent FIS now must ensure that an information article is placed in the Children with Disabilities Newsletter, ensure the database hold sufficient information for parents regarding providers expertise to care for children with disabilities or additional needs (see section of Special Educational Needs) and also through e-mail distribution to settings update them regularly about both local and national support agencies for disabled children and children with additional needs.

### 7.6 Demand for childcare – other specific groups

There is little evidence that suggests families from BME groups experience different gaps in the childcare market in comparison to parents/carers generally.

There was a low response rate from BME groups to the questionnaire survey (just over 3% which may reflect the low BME popultaion in Blaenau Gwent).

#### 8.0 Funded Places

#### 8.1 Nursery Places for 3 and 4 Year Provision

Information provided by the LA in Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council indicates that there are 1,069 nursery places available for 3 and 4 year olds. This is broken down into 1024 places at schools (including community schools, church schools and Welsh schools) and 45 places available to registered non-maintained settings. For the academic year 2011/2012, in total 772 places were offered to eligible children 3 and 4 year olds whose parents required a nursery place. This is a take up of 76% of all children eligible for a place. The table on the following page indicates the individual breakdown and take up of places at schools and funded playgroups for the academic year 2012. The highest take up of school places was in the Abertillery area (79%) and the lowest take up was in Brynmawr/Nantyglo area (72%). 8.8% of places available were taken up in the playgroups.

Please note data is unavailable as to the profile of children taking up a place, the ward where the children live and whether they take up a place in the ward where they live.

Figure 20 Indicates nursery places available and allocated to children in the maintained and non-maintained sector for both schools and 3 Year old Education Providers within the Borough as at January 2013.

Figure 20

	<b>PLACES</b>	
<u>SCHOOLS</u>	<b>AVAILABLE</b>	<b>PLACES ALLOCATED</b>
ABERTILLERY AREA		
ABERTILLERY PRIMARY	60	57
BLAENTILLERY PRIMARY	26	6
BRYNGWYN PRIMARY	30	25
QUEEN STREET PRIMARY ROSEHEYWORTH	26	18
MILLENIUM PRIMARY	26	29
SOFRYDD PRIMARY	26	22
ST. ILLTYDS PRIMARY	52	37
TOTAL FOR AREA	246	194
EBBW VALE AREA	240	174
ALL SAINTS	26	15
BEAUFORT HILL PRIMARY	26	30
BRIERY HILL PRIMARY	26	19
CWM PRIMARY	52	32
GLYNCOED PRIMARY	42	47
EFLC	60	32
RHOSYFEDWEN PRIMARY	26	10
WILLOWTOWN PRIMARY	60	57
TOTAL FOR AREA	318	242
BRYNMAWR/NANTYGLO		-
AREA		
BLAENYCWM PRIMARY	50	36
YSGOL BRO HELYG	60	40
COED Y GARN PRIMARY	52	30
ST MARY'S CIW	30	30
ST MARYS RC	30	29
YSTRUTH PRIMARY	52	33
TOTAL FOR AREA	274	198
TREDEGAR AREA		
BRYNBACH PRIMARY	30	29
DEIGHTON PRIMARY	26	19
GEORGETOWN PRIMARY	52	51
GLANHOWY PRIMARY	52	27
ST JOSEPH'S	26	12
TOTAL FOR AREA	186	138
TOTAL FOR THE BOROUGH	1024	772
FUNDED SETTING		
BRYNMAWR PRE SCHOOL	15	1
ACORNS PLAYGROUP	15	1
MRS TIGGYWINKLES	15	2
TOTAL	45	4

Settings that are non-maintained education providers are also inspected by Estyn. Estyn reports for the non-maintained sector can be found on www.estyn.gov.uk

#### **Acorns Nursery**

Last inspected May 2012.

http://www.estyn.gov.uk/english/provider/6779101/

#### **Brynmawr Pre School**

ESTYN inspection is due <u>Summer Term 2014.</u>

Last report from Summer 2008

http://www.estyn.gov.uk/english/provider/6779102/

#### Mrs Tiggywinkles Day Nursery

ESTYN inspection is due <a href="Spring Term 2017">Spring Term 2017</a>

Last report from Spring Term 2011

http://www.estyn.gov.uk/english/provider/6779104/

#### 9.0 Quality

#### 9.1 Quality Assurance

High quality childcare improves the life chances of all children – especially disadvantaged children and children from poorer homes with fewer life opportunities. High quality childcare gives children a great start in life, both educationally and socially. Research shows good preschool education between the ages of 2-5 years helps children achieve more in school, at primary level and even beyond. Findings published by the Institute of Education (2008) show those children's achievements in language, reading and numeracy increased in proportion to the number of months they spent in preschool.

Research also shows that for some children, long hours spent in poor quality childcare may not be beneficial. For this reason Blaenau Gwent EYDCP feel childcare is intrinsically linked to quality and one should not be without the other. It is felt that childcare and quality should be developed alongside each other and not separately.

Blaenau Gwent was one of the first EYDCP's in Wales to implement its own scheme and have shared good practice across other Authorities. The

development of high quality early years and childcare services is one of the key aims of Blaenau Gwent EYDCP, which underpins its commitment to quality with its own quality assurance schemes (2 schemes – one for each area of Childcare Early Years and Out of School Childcare) that were developed in 2003, and revised in 2011.

Childcare providers who complete a quality assurance scheme are demonstrating their commitment to quality.

In 2011, need was also identified to appoint a Quality Improvement Officer into the Blaenau Gwent Childcare Strategy Team to raise standards and provide quality improvement advice in the non-maintained early years/childcare sector, as this according to inspections and feedback seemed to be missing from the umbrella organisations support to settings. The Quality Improvement Officer is also responsible for data collection and monitoring of progress made of children attending preschool childcare settings.

Blaenau Gwent EYDCP tie in many incentives to promote quality and encourage settings to achieve quality assurance e.g. we market, promote and fund quality childcare. Settings can only access marketing support, Assisted Places, Additional Needs funding, Sustainability Grants and Expansion Grants if their setting is quality assured.

## 9.2 Pre-School Playgroup and Day Nursery Quality Assurance

Figure 21 indicates that all 5 day nurseries achieved the Blaenau Gwent Quality Assurance Award and 12 out of 15 preschool playgroups have also achieved the award, 2 of these groups are Cylchoed Meithrin delivering childcare in a medium of Welsh, and 4 of the playgroups are Flying Start childcare providers managed by the Local Authority.

Figure 21 also indicates that 2 of the 5 day nurseries and 3 playgroups have a current nationally recognised quality award.

Figure 21 Quality Assurance Table 2012 indicating Quality Assurance within Registered Settings

Provider Type Description	FIS Provider Name	CSSIW Registered	Blaenau Gwent Quality Assurance	Date Achieved	National Quality Assurance	Date Achieved	3 Year Educati onal Provider
Day Nursery	Butterflies Day Nursery	Yes	Achieved	20/08/2012			
	Daisy Dell Day Nursery	Yes	Achieved	23/05/2007	NDNA	Expired	
	Mrs Tiggywinkles Day Nursery	Yes	Achieved	07/03/2003	NDNA	Expired	YES
	Puddleducks Day Nursery	Yes	Achieved	20/02/2008	NDNA	08/08/2012	
	Wiggly Giggly's Day Nursery	Yes	Achieved	05/09/2011			
Playgroup	Acorns Playgroup	Yes	Achieved	10/12/2002	WPPA	Expired	YES
	Brynmawr Pre School Playgroup	Yes	Achieved	12/12/2002	WPPA	19/03/2010 Applied	YES
	Jack & Jills Playgroup	Yes	Achieved	12/12/2002	WPPA	19/08/2010	
	Ladybirds Playgroup	Yes	Achieved	22/03/2012	WPPA	24/06/2011	
	Mini Allsorts Playgroup	No					
	Mini Me Pre School Playgroup	Yes	Achieved	05/01/2012	WPPA	19/10/2010	
	Stepping Stones Playgroup	Yes	Achieved	07/03/2012			
	Tweenie Tots Playgroup	Yes	Achieved	08/02/2012			
Cylch Meithrin	Cylch Meithrin Helyg Bychan	Yes	Achieved	17/10/2011	National MM	Jun-12	
	Cylch Meithrin Tic Toc	No					
	Cylch Meithrin Pobl Bach	Yes	Achieved	23/03/2011	Working towards		
Flying	First Friends	Yes	Achieved	05/08/2011			
Start	Swffryd Sunflowers	Yes	Achieved	27/07/2011			
	Tiny Treasures	Yes	Achieved	27/07/2011			
	Twinkle Tots	Yes	Working towards				

## 9.3 Out of School Club Quality Assurance Scheme

Blaenau Gwent has developed its own Quality Assurance Scheme for out of school childcare providers. All providers are encouraged to access the scheme and are supported to achieve the highest award.

Of the 9 Out of School Clubs, one provider has completed the basic, advanced and elite levels of the award; two providers have completed the basic and advanced levels, and of those one provider is working towards the elite level award.

The remaining providers have all received training on the scheme and are either working towards the basic or advanced award, or awaiting assessment

Figure 22

Out of School Club	Basic	Advanced	Elite
The Loft ASC & HC	Completed	Completed	Completed
Daisy Dell ASC & HC	Completed	Completed	
Festival Dragons HC	Completed	Completed	Working Towards
Puddleducks ASC & HC	<b>Almost Completed</b>	<b>Almost Completed</b>	
Hip Hop ASC & HC	Completed	<b>Almost Completed</b>	
Funky Monkeys ASC	Working Towards	<b>Working Towards</b>	
Georgetown ASC	Working Towards	<b>Working Towards</b>	
Tiggywinkles	Training received	Training received	
Willowtown ASC	Training received	Training received	

## **10.0 Workforce Development**

There is a rolling programme within the EYDCP for workforce development and we are constantly underpinning the movement in, out and upwards within the sector with new students and planning for increased supply and demand.

We have invested substantially in our Early Years and Childcare workforce over the past 9 years and also funded continuous professional development for our entire workforce.

Blaenau Gwent EYDCP has a continuous programme of workforce promotion, as we know this is a sector in Blaenau Gwent, which is constantly growing and can provide employment to the Local Community. The EYDCP works closely in partnership with the Genesis Wales Project to attract new students into the workforce with additional support from this project.

As well as providing information and support to those wishing to acquire National Qualifications in childcare, we provide fully funded training courses for childcare workers in Blaenau Gwent covering CSSIW regulations and supporting Continuous Professional Development.

The Annual Training Needs Analysis (TNA) carried out at the beginning of each academic year – September, helps us to better understand the need of all childcare providers and forms the basis of deciding what training courses there is need for in the forthcoming year.

Figure 23 Qualified Staff within Childcare Settings

Qualification	2011/2012	2012/2013
CCLD Level 2	53	55
CCLD Level 3	72	109
CCLD Level 4	24	21
CCLD Level 5	0	19
Above Level 5	0	8

Figure 23 shows that there has been a 1.8% increase in qualified staff holding a Level 2 qualification, a 20% increase holding a Level 3, a 12.5% decrease in Level 4, and 19 workers holding a Level 5.

Figure 24 Participants Working Towards Qualification

Qualification	Ebbw Vale Learning Zone 2011/2012	Ebbw Vale Learning Zone 2012/2013	Aspiration Training 2011/2012	Aspiration Training 2012/2013
CCLD Level 2	80	44	0	0
CCLD Level 3	72	115	0	0
CCLD Level 4	0	0	0	0
CCLD Level 5	0	0	15	21
Above Level 5	0	0	0	0

Figure 24 shows that there has been a decrease in the number of students completing Level 2 but a 37% increase in Level 3 and an increase of 28.6% of students training to become qualified at Level 5.

### 11.0 Childcare from Out of School Childcare Grant

The Out of School Childcare Grant in 2012-2013, has made a significant difference to the availability of out of school provision and other childcare in Blaenau Gwent.

Blaenau Gwent CBC alongside CPCKC have developed a further 4 out of school clubs, in areas identified by the CSA 2011 and according to demand identified by feasibility studies with parents.

Other factors affecting demand and ability to pay were taken into consideration when planning for clubs i.e. unemployment rates of school catchment areas, free school meals and the amount of working and training parents in each locality.

The childcare funding has enabled childcare provision to be more accessible to children and families. Strong links have been forged with schools when developing new provision. Where it has not been possible to develop a service within school premises, the school has been fully supportive of the alterative venue and assisted with marketing and promotion of the service. It is important that all out of school childcare provision becomes an integral part of the school ensuring involvement in school events, newsletters and websites. Sustainability of after school and holiday clubs is a big issue across Wales and came out as one of the highest areas for development in most Authorities CSA.

Sustainability grants are also made available through the Out of School childcare grant to ensure clubs open and remain open. The Out Of School childcare grant sustainability element has certainly helped Blaenau Gwent keep vulnerable settings open, but due to uncertainty about future funding levels to support the clubs we aim to use alternative means to support childcare business to be sustainable.

In addition to funding additional childcare places and funding sustainability grants, the Out of School childcare grant also supported;

- Inclusion Support Package
- Training and Workforce Development
- Quality Assurance Scheme for OOSC's

## 12.0 Welsh Medium/Bilingual Childcare Provision

The south-east Wales region is predominantly English speaking and includes both urban and rural areas. In recent years, the number of families choosing Welsh-medium education for their children has increased, resulting in increased numbers of Welsh speakers.

Every local authority in the area has seen an increase in demand for Welshmedium education, and is committed to ensuring that all families seeking Welsh-medium education are able to access high-quality Welsh-medium education at all phases of education within reasonable travelling distance from their homes, from early years through to higher education and lifelong learning.

The Welsh in Education Strategic Plan was presented by Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council in conjunction with the local authorities of Caerphilly, Monmouthshire, Newport, and Torfaen. The five local authorities work together in partnership to plan and deliver Welsh-medium education across the area. The plan details how Blaenau Gwent County Borough and the partner authorities will aim to achieve the Welsh Government's outcomes and targets outlined in the National Welsh Medium Education Strategy at a local and regional level.

The five authorities of Blaenau Gwent, Caerphilly, Monmouthshire, Newport and Torfaen adopt the Welsh Government's vision for Welsh language education as set out in the Welsh Medium Education Strategy:

To have an education and training system that responds in a planned way to the growing demand for Welsh-medium education, reaches out to and reflects our diverse communities and enables an increase in the number of people of all ages and backgrounds who are fluent in Welsh and able to use the language with their families, in their communities and in the workplace.

Blaenau Gwent EYDCP are passionate about the development of Welsh Medium childcare in support of WG's newly evolving strategy for the Welsh Language "A living Language, a language for Living" which reflects the vision to see the Welsh language thrive. Blaenau Gwent Childcare Strategy Unit works in close partnership and has excellent relations with Mudiad Meithrin and together we have strived passionately to increase the demand for Welsh Medium Preschool provision. Unfortunately this is a very slow process, new settings have been opened but take up has been so slow that we have lost the settings despite intense marketing and promotion campaigns.

In the CSA 2011, out of a survey of over 1000 parents living in Blaenau Gwent, among those families not using childcare, Welsh language provision was one of the least important reasons parents gave for not accessing childcare and may only affect 0.1% of families in Blaenau Gwent. However, contrary feedback from employers and stakeholders (including feedback from the EYDCP and Family Support, Preventative Services, Social Services and

Health) suggests that there could be more Welsh language/bilingual provision, and if there is a growing supply the market may respond automatically.

The CSA 2011 also said ;-

14% of employers, strongly agreed that there should be more Welsh language/ bilingual provision.

50% of providers consulted felt that bilingual/Welsh language provision was good / excellent

37% stated they had plans in place or are interested in expanding Welsh/bilingual provision which suggests that if there is a growing supply the market may respond automatically.

In the improvements section there was no data collected to evidence parents wanted more improvements in Welsh Medium Childcare

Blaenau Gwent Childcare Strategy Unit has commissioned Mudiad Meithrin to carry out a pilot project to provide intense welsh language support in 3 English medium providers to increase the confidence in staff to use welsh in their settings every day. As part of this pilot the parents of children attending the setting will be surveyed to identify whether they have seen an increase in the amount of welsh spoken by their children over the 10 weeks, followed by a parent focus group to further encourage and inform the development of welsh medium childcare and early years education.

In December 2012 a joint survey was carried out with Newport County Borough Council to identify demand for Welsh medium education and childcare. The findings of this survey are being analysed and will be used to inform the Childcare Sufficiency Assessment in 2014.

### 13.0 BME/Ethnic Minority Groups

In the CSA 2011, the factors affecting demand and ability to pay report show that non-white minority ethnic groups make up less than 1% of the population of Blaenau Gwent equating to just under 600 people, according to the 2001 census.

More recent population estimates (2009) show that the percentage of people from ethnic minority groups has increased from 2.1% in 2002 to 4.1% in 2009. The estimates also suggest that, in 2009, the percentage of people in Blaenau Gwent from minority ethnic groups was 2.0%, which would equate to approximately 1,400 people – a notable increase. Even so, Blaenau Gwent still has one of the lowest levels of people from minority ethnic groups in Wales.

The expansion of the European Union in May 2004 extended freedom of movement to 10 new member countries. Currently, there is no single data source that provides comprehensive information on migration at a local level. However, it is known that Blaenau Gwent has a number of people from the Accession (A8) Countries amongst others, living in the authority (information collected regarding school aged children). As of 2012, Blaenau Gwent has 226 children from Black and Ethnic Minority families, with the majority being polish (58) and Indian (43).

There is one Gypsy Traveller site in Blaenau Gwent, Cwmcrachen, Nantyglo, which accommodates 33 families. Blaenau Gwent also has a small number of Gypsy Traveler families living in social landlord accommodation.

Due in part to Blaenau Gwent geographically location, it witnesses very few transient travelers settling in illegal encampments, however, the area does have a small number of Gypsy Traveller families that temporarily remain in the region looking for short term work or for family reasons.

There was also little evidence in the Childcare Sufficiency Assessment 2011 that suggests families from BME groups experience different gaps in the childcare market in Blaenau Gwent in comparison to parents/carers generally. The findings were as followed:

- There was a low response rate from BME groups to the questionnaire survey 2010/11 (just over 3%) which may reflect the low BME population in Blaenau Gwent generally.
- Those parents/carers from BME groups who responded to the parent/carer survey were more likely to state that childcare was too expensive compared to other parents/carers. However, this is based on a small sample and caution should be applied in interpreting this finding.
- Focus groups with parents/carers at an ESOL class, showed that some parents /carers felt that more and better quality information is needed on what childcare is available and what funding and support there is for parents/carers.

Further consultation will take place with BME groups during 2013/14 to inform the Childcare Sufficiency Assessment 2014

### 14.0 Vulnerable Children

## 14.1 Looked after Children (LAC)

Children become looked after when their birth parents are unable to provide on-going care in either a temporary or permanent capacity. Children can either be looked after as a result of voluntary agreement by their parents or as the result of a care order. Children may be placed with kinship carers (family), network carers (extended family / friends) or foster carers depending on individual circumstances.

Figure 25 shows the updated number of Looked After Children living in Blaenau Gwent who have either been placed by Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council or by another local Authority. It shows a total of 134 Looked After Children in Blaenau Gwent, which is a decrease of 3 children (1%) since the last annual update in 2012.

Figure 25

Ward	Total Looked After Children	Of which are disabled
Abertillery	1	-
Badminton	7	-
Beaufort	4	-
Blaina	5	-
Brynmawr	4	-
Cwm	6	-
Cwmtillery	3	-
Ebbw Vale North	12	1
Ebbw Vale South	5	-
Georgetown	8	-
Llanhilleth	7	-
Nantyglo	9	1
Rassau	6	1
Sirhowy	6	-
Sixbells	3	-
Tredegar Central & West	1	-
Out of County	47	2
Total	134	5

### **14.2 Child Protection Register**

Child Protection is used to describe a set of usually government-run services designed to protect children and young people who are underage and to encourage family stability. These typically include foster care, adoption services, services aimed at supporting at-risk families so they can remain intact, and investigation of alleged child abuse.

Most children who come to the attention of the child welfare system do so because of child abuse, including sexual, emotional, physical or psychological abuse, or neglect (including the failure to take adequate measures to safeguard a child from harm and/or gross negligence in providing for a child's basic needs).

Figure 26 shows that there are 59 children on the Child Protection Register in Blaenau Gwent, which shows a slight decrease of 4 children (6%) since the last annual update in 2012. There are no disabled children on the Child Protection Register.

Figure 26

Ward	Total Children on Child Protection	Of which
	Register	are disabled
Abertillery	1	
Badminton	·	
Beaufort	2	
Blaina	5	
Brynmawr	-	
Cwm	-	
Cwmtillery	4	
Ebbw Vale North	8	
Ebbw Vale South	4	
Georgetown	2	
Llanhilleth	8	
Nantyglo	6	
Rassau	1	
Sirhowy	5	
Sixbells	5	
Tredegar Central & West	7	
Out of County	1	
Total	59	

### 14.3 Children in Need

Under Section 17 (10) of the Children Act 1989, a child is a Child in Need if:

- a. he/she is unlikely to achieve or maintain, or have the opportunity of achieving or maintaining, a reasonable standard of health or development without the provision for him/her of services by a local authority:
- b. his/her health or development is likely to be significantly impaired, or further impaired, without the provision for him/her of such services; or
- c. he/she is a Disabled Child.

Figure 27 shows that there are a total of 839 known children in need in Blaenau Gwent, which is an increase of 211 children (34%) since the last annual update in 2012.

Figure 27

Ward	Total Children in Need	Of which are disabled	Of which are 18+
	43		2
Abertillery		5	
Badminton	14	2	-
Beaufort	66	8	2
Blaina	44	8	2
Brynmawr	56	4	3
Cwm	35	7	2
Cwmtillery	64	14	-
Ebbw Vale North	51	3	3
Ebbw Vale South	45	3	2
Georgetown	24	2	-
Llanhilleth	67	6	2
Nantyglo	71	12	6
Rassau	37	4	-
Sirhowy	56	11	1
Sixbells	26	1	-
Tredegar Central & West	98	16	4
Out of County	42	-	16
Total	839	106	45

Families with disabled children and young people, and those with young carers, will be seen as an intrinsic part of the Families First programme within Blaenau Gwent. All services will be designed to be fully inclusive with an emphasis on delivering holistic needs led services which support children with disabilities and their families, alongside all families.

This will include family support workers offering support and provision such as income maximisation, welfare rights, family support and parenting as part of multiagency team around the family packages which draw in expertise and involvement from universal and specialist services. It is envisaged that the Community Hubs will have a strong focus on support to families of children with disabilities, which will be embedded into all job descriptions and service specifications.

There will be a strong emphasis on ensuring that all elements of the activity funded through the ring fenced disability strand are fully sustainable.

### 15.0 Provision for Children with Disabilities and Additional Needs

The Additional Needs subgroup of the Early Years Development and Childcare Partnership provides information advice and guidance, to early years childcare providers regarding early identification and monitoring of preschool children who present with additional needs.

The Education Psychology Service advisor works together with families, children and early years settings to promote positive progress in childcare settings for pre-school children and their families.

Blaenau Gwent EYDCP has a robust training programme in place, which takes into account all providers need to have informative training around disabilities and special needs. In addition if a setting has specific need around training this will be arranged individually for them to ensure a child is placed at their setting.

Blaenau Gwent EYDCP Additional Needs (AN) subgroup remit is;-

- To support inclusion for pre-school children with a disability or AN
  within local early years settings. This will enhance the learning
  environment and the social development of all pre-school children and
  thus help to promote the inclusive society that we are all striving
  towards.
- To promote positive opportunities for development and learning for preschool children who present with AN in Blaenau Gwent.
- To develop guidelines to promote positive and informed transition between early years settings.
- To provide training and advice for staff in early years settings.
- To support local developments and interventions for meeting the needs of children in pre-school settings.
- To work collaboratively with the multi-disciplinary members of the EYDCP in order that pre-school children can benefit from quality experiences that meet their individual needs.

The CSA 2011 detailed that some parents were already aware and using the Blaenau Gwent EYDCP Schemes for disabled children and children with AN and they were extremely grateful for the individual advice and guidance given by the professionals and the funding for one to one support given to their child.

Parents also commented that the EYDCP AN scheme with one to one support for their child was invaluable.

47% of childcare providers consulted felt that provision for children with a disability or additional needs was good or excellent.

In 2012/2013 EYDCP funded 33 children with Additional Learning Needs to attend a registered childcare setting, providing between 2 and 4 sessions a

week. Of these 33 children, 31 (94%) children attended either a Pre-school Playgroup or Cylchoedd Meithrin, and two children out of 33 (6%) attended a Day Nursery.

Referrals for 1-1 support for children attending registered settings, are dealt with on a monthly basis by the AN sub group. Support is offered depending on the child's needs and the availability of funding for the extra member of staff that maybe required. All registered settings are inclusive of children regardless of their disability

## 15.1 Special Needs – Areas of Experience

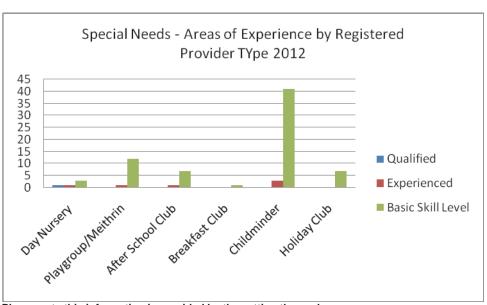
Figure 28

Type of Provider	Qualified	Experienced	Basic Skill Level
Day Nursery	1	1	3
Playgroup/Meithrin	0	1	12
After School Club	0	1	7
Breakfast Club	0	0	1
Childminder	0	3	41
Holiday Club	0	0	7
Total	1	6	71

Qualified – Staff Qualified in a specific Special Needs Qualification Experienced – Staff has a wealth of experience in Special Needs Basic Skill – Staff has basic knowledge of Special Needs.

Figure 28 above indicates the type of registered provider and their area of experience in relation to working with children with special needs. It shows that only 1 registered provider identifies themselves as being fully qualified (1.2%), 6 registered providers deem themselves as experienced (7.6%) and 71 (91%) registered providers deem themselves at a basic skill knowledge level.

Figure 29



Please note this information is provided by the setting themselves. showing Areas of Experience by Registered Provider Type 2012

### **16.0 Flying Start**

The Welsh Government is committed to doubling the number of children who benefit from Flying Start from 18,000 to 36,000 by the end of the Assembly term, and has made available an additional £55 million over the next three years to support this expansion. This is a significant uplift in the funding available for this programme, particularly in the current economic climate, and marks the Welsh Government's absolute commitment to the Flying Start Programme which provides preventative services in the early years.

Flying Start brings together education, childcare, health and social services and combines the voluntary, private and statutory sectors to offer preventative interventions that influence child outcomes.

Phase 1 Flying Start - the original school catchment areas;

- Sirhowy, Tredegar
- Deighton, Tredegar
- > Garnlydan, Ebbw Vale
- > St Illtyd's, Llanhilleth
- Swffryd, Llanhilleth

The Flying Start Programme in Blaenau Gwent has also benefitted from Welsh Government Capital investment to provide fit for purpose facilities.

Using the data provided by the Welsh Government, and local data and knowledge, the areas in Blaenau Gwent with the highest percentage of 0-3's living in income benefit households have been selected for the expansion. It is proposed that the following areas will then receive FS services between 13/15, based upon the data from the WG, BGCBC data and Aneurin Bevan Health Board data, ensuring that the expansion does not exceed the capped figure of 966

Welsh Government has confirmed the capped number for Blaenau Gwent for the expansion period as follows:-

639	2012/13
823	2013/14
966	2014/15

New areas identified and approved for the Flying Start Expansion from 2012 to 2015 are;-

- Ebbw Vale North 2 (New Area)
- Ebbw Vale South 1 (New Area)
- Cwmtillery 1 (New Area)
- Nantyglo 3 (New Area)

## 17.0 Appendices

Appendix 1 - Revised Childcare Action Plan 2011- 2014

If you would like more information about this refresh in Welsh, large print, Braille or audiotape, or for additional copies of this report, please contact the Blaenau Gwent Childcare Strategy Team – details below.

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## Appendix 1

## Introduction

Under the Childcare Act 2006 local authorities have a statutory duty to secure sufficient childcare to address the needs of working parents / carers in their area for children up to the 1st September after they turn 14 years, or until they reach the age of 18 years in the case of children with a disability. A core element of this duty is to complete a Childcare Sufficiency Assessment every three statutory guidance on undertaking a Childcare Sufficiency Assessment recommends that an action plan is also developed to help years, which assesses the supply of, and demand for, childcare in the local authority and identifies any gaps in provision. The address the identified sufficiency gaps. This document is the Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council childcare sufficiency action plan. It identifies new or different actions existing initiatives or actions that are already in place within the local authority. The action plan will also focus on the three key that the local authority and its partners will undertake to address the gaps in childcare. Where appropriate, it also signposts to areas outlined by the Welsh Assembly Government, Affordability, Accessibility and Quality.

The action plan should be read alongside the following documents, which are published separately:

## 1) Analysis of the Supply of Childcare In Blaenau Gwent

Information held by Blaenau Gwent CBC was used to profile the childcare available in the borough. The analysis looked at number of places, number of children per place, opening times, vacancies, fees and quality. It looked at differences in the childcare market by type of provider, locality, age of child and time of year. The analysis of supply also included results from a questionnaire sent to all childcare providers asking about their views on the childcare market.

# 2) Analysis of the relevant factors affecting demand for childcare in Blaenau Gwent and the ability to pay.

This report brings together a whole range of economic information and data sets and presents a range of demographic and social economic indicators that may affect either the demand for childcare or the ability to pay for it. Ward information such as the number of children living there, how many people are working and the deprivation factors of each ward are analysed in this section.

## 3) Consultation with parents and carers

This report evidences the views of nearly 1000 parents and carers living and working within Blaenau Gwent and the improvements they feel should be made within the childcare sector in Blaenau Gwent.

The analysis includes the results of questionnaires distributed to 887 parents / carers in the Summer 2010 and presents an analysis of focus groups held with over 40 parents and carers from all different communities and backgrounds within Blaenau Gwent

## 4) Consultation with children

accessing childcare. This report summarises the views of 36 children and young people living in Blaenau Gwent on childcare and A range of childcare settings across Blaenau Gwent were visited in Autumn 2010 to seek the views of children and young people how it could be improved to better suit their needs.

## 5) Consultation with Childcare Providers

This report summarises the views of childcare providers currently managing settings within Blaenau Gwent. It analyses their views on the local childcare market and how they suggest we can improve provision in the area for specific groups. They also detail their own plans for improvement and / or expansion within their own business.

## 6) Consultation with other key professionals

This report summarises the consultation with other key professionals in Blaenau Gwent such as Health, Education, Social Services, Early Years and Childcare and other preventative services. These professionals have an interest in childcare, and use childcare for their services or work with individuals, who need to use childcare.

## 7) Consultation with employers

This report summarises what various employers in Blaenau Gwent have told us about their views on the childcare market in Blaenau Gwent and their employee's needs around childcare.

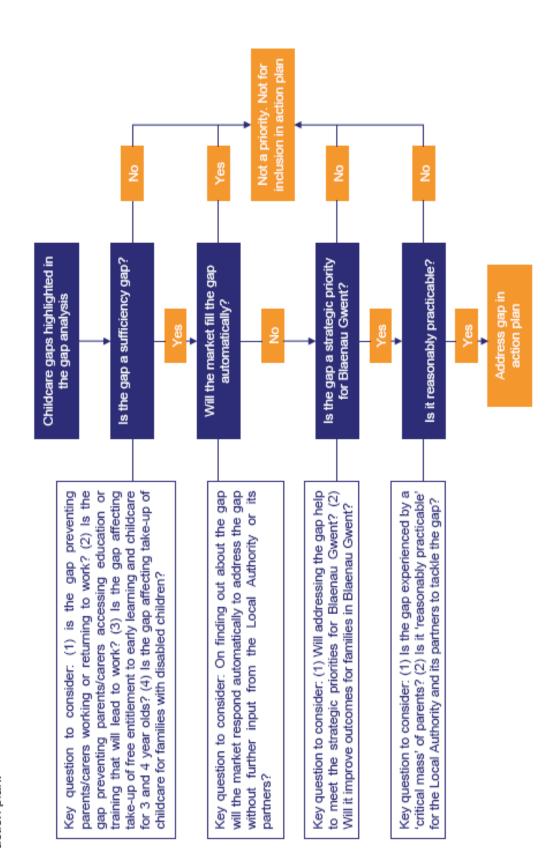
## 3) Gap and Analysis and Summary

gaps, type gaps, specific need gaps and geographical gaps. The final report pulls together the key findings from all the other above reports to identify gaps in provision and offer recommendations for the future direction of the childcare sector in Blaenau Gwent. This report seeks to quantify the scale and extent of gaps within the childcare market. It examines income gaps, time gaps, age The summary is the document that will be circulated more widely for parent / carer use and general public awareness raising.

All the above reports can be accessed in full format by visiting http://www.blaenau-gwent.gov.uk/education/19682.asp

## Approach to developing the action plan

The flowchart below shows the key questions considered in deciding whether to address a childcare gap in the childcare sufficiency action plan.



# In summary – Key issues arising from the Childcare Sufficiency Assessment:

A workshop was held on 8th February 2011 where key officers from Blaenau Gwent EYDCP local authority considered the above questions and drew the following conclusions:

## Key issues

## 1) Affordability

the local authority and its partners can have on the price of childcare. As a result, the action plan focuses on actions that will help to ensure that The principal childcare barrier both for youngest and oldest child in families and during term time and school holiday periods in Blaenau Gwent, was affordability. A number of parents/carers highlight this as an area for improvement. Officers agreed that there is little direct influence that Information Service. We also intend to work more closely with local employers and various organizations to market the benefits of childcare parents/carers are aware of the full range of financial support available to them through awareness raising campaigns and the Family

The Welsh Government has outlined two strategic priorities to assure the development of affordable childcare provision; -

Joining up Programmes – ensuring that any investment in childcare support is across programmes, delivered in a coherent way to maximize the investment available, fit with wider strategic objectives, and address local demand and supply issues. Supporting Childcare Enterprise - both in terms of commercial enterprise and social enterprise, and in considering what support packages can be developed Affordability must be looked at in greater detail taking into account local influencing factors and tying in the WG strategic priorities. Affordability forms the largest part of the action plan 2011-2014.

# 2) Flexibility / opening times - No childcare available at the right times 1.3% (Flexibility / wraparound / shift working etc) School

Improve both flexibility and sufficiency of provision of childcare linked to parent / carer work patterns. Why parents/carers highlight flexibility as an area for improvement

Further develop childcare provision across the age ranges with particular focus on specific age groups, most notably 0-2 years and over 8's. 3) No suitable childcare for the age of my children 0.8% - Lack of age appropriate care for under 5's and over 8's

## 4) Location of childcare - not in right location 1.4%

Improving the geographical spread of childcare to better meet parental demand and to address the identified gaps in different types of childcare

# 5) No childcare that caters for my child's disability / additional needs 0.7%

To ensure childcare in Blaenau Gwent is as inclusive as it can be and the workforce is appropriately trained to ensure opportunities for children of most abilities.

## 6) Lack of information

Ensure parents have access to the information they need to make choices regarding childcare and understand the financial support available to

7) Quality - to ensure that all childcare in Blaenau Gwent is of high quality and thus giving children a flying start in life and greater experiences

language provisions was not seen as a priority within the 3 year plan. In line with the opening of a new Welsh Medium after school and holiday club at the new Welsh medium Primary, we aim to identify and market to parents more Welsh Medium childcare options in order to increase 8) <u>Welsh Language Provision</u> – In support of WG's newly evolving strategy for the Welsh Language "A living Language, a language for Living" which reflects the vision to see the Welsh language thrive, we intend to work more closely with parents to investigate why Welsh demand for provision.

## OTHER GAPS

That other gaps highlighted in the gaps analysis may be cause for concern but that further research was needed to fully understand the nature and extent of any possible problem. This relates to:

- Training and qualifications of staff
- Financial sustainability of out of school provision
- Links to regeneration
- Cultural needs
- Early years education
- Participation
- % year old places
- Why the data suggests there is relatively low take-up of the free entitlement to Flying Start

Other

## Timescales and monitoring

This action plan covers the period April 2011 to March 2014, with a particular focus on April 2011 to March 2012. The action plan will be monitored via the Early Years and Childcare Development Partnership.

## Structure of the action plan

The action plan is structured as follows:

Objective: this highlights the change in the childcare market that the local authority and its partners are hoping to achieve.

Actions: this summarises the actions that will be undertaken to meet the objective.

Responsible officer and partners: this highlights who will be responsible for implementing the action and any other partners that will be involved in delivery.

Timescales: when the action will be completed by.

AS AT 5<sup>th</sup> MARCH 2012

Priority 1 – Affordability / Awareness - Ensure childcare is inclusive and affordable for all

	Key Issue	Actions	Responsible Officer and partners	Timescale	Measure of Success	Progress	
The CS affordin barrier.	The CSA identified that affording childcare was a barrier.	Ensure childcare is inclusive and affordable for low-income families	HB				
		Roll out the Assisted Childcare Places Scheme Encourage awareness and uptake of Assisted Places in vulnerable areas	All EYDCP Um Orgs to promote	Annually	Supported 111 Children in 2010/2011 Supported 131 children in 2011/2012	March 2013 Assisted Places Scheme revised and childcare providers and external agencies	
		mougn ramiles riist.			Supported as children in 2012/2013	trained to implement changes. Sessions increased from 2-4 per week to improve outcomes and benefits for the child.	
		Ensure relevant and up to date information on financial support is readily available through the FIS.	RB/LD	By September 2011, reviewed annually thereafter.	By March 2014 reduce by 20% (to 26%) the number of parents who did not know where to find information about financial assistance.	A local financial help booklet distributed in all public locations. WTC information readily available through the FIS.	
		Develop an outreach programme to be delivered throughout Blaenau Gwent.	RB	By September 2013	Increase awareness of the FIS. Increase the number of outreach enquiries. Increase the uptake of childcare places. Awareness of financial assistance available.	6 road shows delivered across BG in 2011. Attended outreach events arranged by partner organisations.	
		Roll out FIS Champion Award to Schools/Health Visitors/JCP/Families First hubs/Flying Start/Communities	RB	Initiate by September 2011, on-going support	The number of Schools/Health Visitors/JCP/Families First	12 School Clerks have already become Champions.	

Progress							Extensive research / parent consultation identified No Demand	Go out every term
Measure of Success	hubs/Flying Start/Communities First and Childcare Providers staff trained as FIS champions.	By March 2014 reduce by 20% (to 26%) the number of parents who did not know about FIS.	List developed of childcare friendly employers with Blaenau Gwent.	Reduce 1.3% of parents saying childcare is not available.	Reduce 1.3% of parents saying childcare is not available.	To reduce the % of parents stating there is no suitable childcare for the age of their child CSA baseline	To reduce the % of parents stating there is no suitable childcare for the age of their child CSA baseline	To reduce the % of parents stating there is no suitable
Timescale	thereafter.	Monthly	By June 2013	By March 2014	March 2014	From September 2011	July 2011	September 2010 ongoing there
Responsible Officer and partners		RB	RB	RB	RB/KS/HB	EYDCP / FIS	CB/LD	ГР
Actions	First and Childcare Providers.	Raise the profile of the FIS through various media channels such as local free advertising, social media and website.	Work with employers to encourage them to offer childcare vouchers. Increase awareness of employers to the benefits of childcare for their workforce in particular promoting WTC and Childcare Vouchers.	Identify why flexibility is an issue for parents accessing childcare and monitor through the FIS enquiry data.	To work with childcare providers to ensure they provide flexible childcare to meet the needs of parents.	To promote childcare options to parents to ensure they are aware of the childcare available for the ages of their children.	Research the demand for wraparound of over 8's Leisure schemes – make childcare available before and after open access holiday schemes	Develop a 2 year old pack and distribute termly to parents of children who are
Key Issue				The CSA identified that 1.3% of parents felt that childcare wasn't available at the right times to meet their needs.		The CSA identified that 0.8% of parents felt that there was a lack of childcare for under 5's and over 8's		
		9	7	8	თ	10	-	12

Progress		Abertillery Premises located, funding in place for rent and equipment. Recruiting staff. (still ongoing) Brynmawr Suitable premises fell through, proceeding with Abertillery. Deighton Meithrin is now open. The staff and committee are promoting the setting on a family fun day in the Tredegar area on the 8th December 2012, an open day at the setting will take place the following weekend.	Completed by CPCKC 2012.	Completed by CPCKC 2012.	
Measure of Success	childcare for the age of their child CSA baseline	Welsh language childcare is available in each town and parents have choice of Welsh Medium childcare	Baseline CSA 2011		Good geographical spread
Timescale		March 2013	July 2011 Jan 13	2011/13	March 2014
Responsible Officer and partners		MYM / HB	СРСКС / НВ		KS/RB
Actions	approaching their 2 <sup>nd</sup> birthday.	Research the demand for a Cylch Meithrin in the following areas: Abertillery Brynmawr Tredegar Central and West	Research the demand for holiday clubs in: Abertillery Tredegar EV ICC	Research the demand for After School Clubs: Ysgol Bro Helyg Glyncoed Brynbach Ebbw Vale ICC	In areas where there is low supply of
Key Issue		To address the location of childcare and 1.4% of parents saying it's not in the right location  Establish more childcare options in areas of demand and ensure childcare is in right location.			
		13	41	15	16

Progress		New day nursery opened in January 2012. Provider Identified for	Ebbw Fawr ICC -	anticipated opening September 2013	Waunlwyd fell through – no response from Candystripes Tredegar –	Communication with Bedwelty House broke down no further	development Candystipes have	Closed	Provider identified for Ebbw Fawr ICC –	September 2013	Additional Needs Subgroup meets termly and if appropriate	support provided	Completed
Measure of Success	of childminders in all areas.	Base CSA 2011			Base CSA 2011				New Day Nursery opened to supply the Ebbw Fawr		Increase uptake of children with additional needs/disability accessing the	additional needs support to attend the setting of their choice.	Terms of reference reviewed March 2012.
Timescale		Tredegar – December 2011	Abertillery 2013	Ebbw Fawr ICC September 2012	By March 2012				Ongoing from September 2012	September 2013	September 2011 and ongoing quarterly there after		Ongoing
Responsible Officer and partners		CB/EYDCP/HB			CB/WPPA/HB			0,000	HB/CPCKC		FIS SEN Subgroup		ALN subgroup
Actions	childminders, launch a recruitment campaign	Research the demand for Day Nurseries: Trededar	Abertillery	EbbwFawr ICC	Research the demand for Preschool: Central Tredegar Central Ebbw Vale (The Works)			-1-71 - 1-14 - 1	I he Works ICC Ebbw Vale Full mix of childcare provision;	Day Nursery provision Preschool English and Welsh Breakfast, After School Holiday, wraparound Provision Childminder Network	Raise awareness to parents of disabled children about the childcare choices available to them.		Ensure clear protocols for referring children with ALN/Disabilities.
Key Issue											Ensure accessibility in childcare for children and young people with additional needs/disabilities		
		17			18			,	19		20		21

	Key Issue	Actions	Responsible Officer and partners	Timescale	Measure of Success	Progress
22		Ensure all staff providing care for disabled children are supported and trained/equipped to provide a quality experience for the child.	ALN subgroup	September 2011 and ongoing there after	Staff are trained and equipped to address individual children's needs and support provided by an Advisory Teacher and Psychology Service.	Completed
23		Establish appropriate information sharing and referral mechanisms	ALN Subgroup	September 2011	Increase uptake of children with additional needs/disability.	Reviewed March 2012
24		Ensure all early years and childcare settings upskill existing SENCO's	ALN Subgroup	By December 2011	Increase uptake of children with additional needs/disability.	Training on SEN Code of Practice and ASD provided by Psychology Service Provided each quarter
25		Ensure children benefit from ALN placements/funding:- - baseline and other assessments / monitoring evaluation.	ALN Subgroup	Ongoing	Increase uptake of children with additional needs/disability.	Increase in numbers evidenced by ALN subgroup minutes and invoices. Baseline monitoring is in progress.
26		Develop a programme to increase confidence within the sector for both providers and parents of disabled children to support the identified need for increased variety of childcare provision for children with disabilities taster sessions.	CB/EYDCP	From October 2011	Increase uptake of children with additional needs/disability.	Relevant training has been offered to all registered childcare settings each quarter in BG this year – training in Autism, ADHD & Challenging Behaviour held
27		Ensure Out of School and Holiday provision is fully inclusive.	KT/EYDCP	By July 2011	Increase uptake of children with additional needs/disability.	Yes, supported 8 children in 2011/12
28	The CSA identified accessing information as a key barrier to accessing childcare	Ensure Accurate up to date information is available through a variety sources such as social media, corporate publications, text messaging service, e,	RS	By September 2011 and there after ongoing	Reduce by 20 % the Number of Parents and Carers stating that they don't know about services	In place as of 1 <sup>st</sup> September 2011 and there after ongoing.

Progress						Internal IT problems preventing this.		Updating required	Completed	Training taking place in March 2013, of all lead staff in settings.	Clubs achieved: 4 - Level 1 3 - Level 2
Measure of Success	available to them	Increase Social Media by 20%	Quarterly Submissions to Publications.	Weekly Messages fed through social media.	Quarterly Newsletters produced	Enhance access to childcare services available	More easily Accessible Website, Increased Hits by 20%	Allowing easy access to documents available online. Improving access to information.	Obtain Quality Kite Mark for Access to information.	All early years group childcare settings to have achieved a score of 3 or above on the Environmental Rating Scales.	All Out of School Clubs to have achieved Level 1, 2 or 3 of the Quality Assurance
Timescale						31 <sup>st</sup> March2012	September 2013	September 2013	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2012	By March 2014	By March 2014
Responsible Officer and partners						FIS	FIS	FIS	FIS	HB/KS	KT/LF
Actions	newsletters and internal and external communications.					Online Childcare Search Facility available via the Homepage of the Corporate website	Update and bring back in house existing FIS website	Develop a childcare provider webpage on the 01495info.com website, ensuring all EYDCP documents, application forms, training programme is available for download.	BG FIS to achieve NAFIS Families First Quality Award for Information and review the award every three years	Support settings to embed the Environmental Rating Scales to improve the quality of the childcare environment.	Roll out the Out of School Clubs Quality Assurance Scheme.
Key Issue										To ensure that all childcare in Blaenau Gwent is of high quality to raise the baseline of children on entry to nursery.	
						29	30	31	32	33	34

Progress	1 - Level 3 Clubs working towards: 3 - Level 1 4 - Level 2 1 - Level 3	Initial and follow up meeting taken place to explore options in March 2012  Childminder network evening in January 2013 to inform providers of the new Quality Improvement Tool using the environmental rating scales.	As at Feb 2012 17 P &T/Ti a Fi's have Bronze award 9 have Silver award 6 Gold award	Agreement with LEA for development of unit as start of new Welsh medium primary in Tredegar.  This setting has successfully moved into the premises, the Meithrin is now up and
Measure of Success	Scheme	New quality process identified and rolled out to childminders	75% of Parent and Toddler groups achieve the BG QA award.	CSA demand for Welsh Medium was extremely low. 0.01% Increase demand for Welsh medium childcare.
Timescale		By March 2014	By March 2014	
Responsible Officer and partners		HB/KS	KS	
Actions		Implement QA schemes for childminders. Establish a focus group to identify suitable quality standards for childminders.	Roll out of QA in Parent and Toddlers/Ti a Fi's	To carry out a consultation across Blaenau Gwent about Welsh Medium childcare to ascertain why demand is so low and what the barriers and public perceptions are.
Key Issue				To ensure Welsh medium childcare options are available in Blaenau Gwent. To ensure the Welsh language is promoted throughout settings in Blaenau Gwent, inline with WG's Welsh Language Strategy "A living language, a language for living"
		35	36	37

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running. Sbri de Ri opened October 2011 and closed in October 2012 without registering with CSSIW Welsh language pilot scheme tender awarded. We would like to develop this further This has been discussed and marketing strategies are being piloted for Abertillery. Audit carried out, settings will have the opportunity to undertake the Cwrs laith Meithrin. The cylchoedd have all also received a copy of the Y Strythyr laith and are encouraged to display widely this valuable resource.	Survey carried out in Dec 2012, results currently being analysed and will be available by May 2013.
Measure of Success  Parental choice Increase the confidence of childcare providers to use welsh everyday within their setting 3 meithrins in Blaenau Gwent March 2011  CSA – Providers  Consultation	Increased understanding of demand for Welsh medium childcare.
April 2013 April 2013 Starting September 2011 Starting September 2012 April 2012	Dec 2012
Responsible Officer and partners CB/LF CB/MM MM  EYDCP/MM	HB/21°C Century Schools team
Establish a welsh medium holiday and after school club at Ysgol Gymraeg Bro Helyg.  Welsh language officer to support settings  To develop a long-term action plan with MM to promote Welsh medium childcare.  Establish new Meithrins Marketing plan  Carry out an audit of Welsh language ability in all settings and develop a support and training programme to increase competence and confidence.	Carry out a demand survey for Welsh medium childcare across the borough.
Key Issue 89% Settings said they needed help with the Welsh Language – invest in training to help with this.	
38 39 39 40 40 47	43

